Burnau Gilois

6 February 1953

Chief, Fals

Unidentified Flying Objects

The following summary is being disseminated to the field as a matter of congration formation and interest:

- 1. The following conclusions are presented by a panol of Scientific Consultants called upon to evaluate any possible threat to the national security posed by Unicontified Flying Objects (Flying Saucers):
  - a. Friderco presented on Unidentified Mying Objects

    chows no indication that they constitute a circet physical threat to the national security, nor is there evidence that the phenomena indicate a need for the revision of current pointific concepts.
  - b. Continued emphasis on the reporting of this phenomena-coss constitute a threat to the orderly functioning of the protective organise the nation. Examples: channels of communications are closed by irrelevant reports; continued takes along teach to the ignoring of real indications of hostile actions; creation of a morbid national populary in which skillful hostile propagance could induce hysterical behavior and harmful cintrust of duly constituted authority.
- 2. To Mariate the concentrate despers above and to estremather national recilities to that true indications of the hostile actions may to recommised and appropriately handled the functions mandet.
  - atops to strip the Cojects of the special status they have been given and the sura of mystery they have acquired.
  - b. That the national security arendes instituto policies on intelligence, training and public education designed to prepare the material defenses and the morals of the country to recognize promptly and react offsetively to true indications of hastile intent or action.
  - c. That an integrated program be designed to reassure the public of the total lack of evidence of hestile forces behind the phenomena, to train personnel to recognize and



refort false indications quickly and effectively, and to streamtion recular channels for the evaluation of and prompt reaction to true indications of hostile measures.

Alan M. Waffield

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